Social Security Administration

because they receive Medicaid coverage, are enrolled in a Medicare Savings Program within their State, or receive SSI and have Medicare, then their subsidy is effective with the first month they have deemed eligibility status.

§418.3110 What happens when you apply for a subsidy?

- (a) When you or your personal representative apply for a subsidy, we will ask for information that we need to determine if you meet all the requirements for a subsidy. You must give us complete information. If, based on the information you present to us, you do not meet all the requirements for eligibility listed in §418.3101, or if one of the events listed in §418.3115 exists, or you fail to submit information we request, we will deny your claim.
- (b) If you meet all the requirements for eligibility listed in §418.3101, or you meet all the requirements except for enrollment in a Medicare Part D plan or Medicare Advantage plan with prescription drug coverage, we will send you a notice telling you the following:
- (1) You are eligible for a full or partial subsidy for a period not to exceed 1 year;
- (2) What information we used to make this determination including how we calculated your income and resources;
- (3) What you may do if your circumstances change as described in \$418.3120; and
 - (4) Your appeal rights.
- (c) If you are not already enrolled with a Medicare prescription drug plan or a Medicare Advantage plan with prescription drug coverage, you must enroll in order to receive your subsidy.
- (d) If you do not meet all the requirements for eligibility listed in §418.3101 or if §418.3115 applies to you except for enrollment in a Medicare Part D plan or Medicare Advantage plan with prescription drug coverage as described in §418.3225, we will send you a notice telling you the following:
 - (1) You are not eligible for a subsidy;
- (2) The information we used to make this determination including how we calculated your income or resources;
- (3) You may reapply if your situation changes; and

(4) Your appeal rights.

§ 418.3115 What events will make you incligible for a subsidy?

Generally, even if you meet the other requirements in §§418.3101 through 418.3125, we will deny your claim or you will lose your subsidy if any of the following apply to you:

- (a) You lose entitlement to or are not enrolled in Medicare Part A and are not enrolled in Medicare Part B.
- (b) You do not enroll or lose your enrollment in a Medicare Part D plan or Medicare Advantage plan with prescription drug coverage.
- (c) You do not give us information we need to determine your eligibility and if eligible, whether you should receive a full or partial subsidy; or you do not give us information we need to determine whether you continue to be eligible for a subsidy and if eligible, whether you should receive a full or partial subsidy.
- (d) You knowingly give us false or misleading information.

§ 418.3120 What happens if your circumstances change after we determine you are eligible for a subsidy?

- (a) After we determine that you are eligible for a subsidy, your subsidy eligibility could change if:
 - (1) You marry.
- (2) You and your spouse, who lives with you, divorce.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (b)(4) of this section, your spouse, who lives with you, dies.
- (4) You and your spouse separate (i.e., you or your spouse move out of the household and you are no longer living with your spouse) unless the separation is a temporary absence as described in §404.347 of this chapter.
- (5) You and your spouse resume living together after having been separated.
- (6) You and your spouse, who lives with you, have your marriage annulled.
- (7) You (or your spouse, who lives with you, if applicable) expect your estimated annual income to increase or decrease in the next calendar year.
- (8) You (or your spouse, who lives with you, if applicable) expect your resources to increase or decrease in the next calendar year.